

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ENITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Bax 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 WWW.Uspfo.gov

APPLICATION N	O	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/800,926	-	03/08/2001	Satoshi Wakasa	1921-0134P	1921-0134P 5626	
2292	7590	09/22/2004		EXAMINER		
BIRCH S PO BOX		ΓKOLASCH & BIF	TRAN, HIEN THI			
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1764	<u> </u>	
				DATE MAILED: 09/22/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			\mathcal{L}	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/800,926	WAKASA ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Hien Tran	1764	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address	;
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.7 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replayer of the provisions of the pro	36(a). In no event, however, may by within the statutory minimum of will apply and will expire SIX (6) No. cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communi ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.
Status				
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 J</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under the	s action is non-final. nce except for formal m		its is
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>6-14</u> is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.		
Applicati	on Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposite any accomposite and any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 2.	epted or b) objected drawing(s) be held in abeytion is required if the drawi	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) <u></u> a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureasee the attached detailed Office action for a list	es have been received. Is have been received in In rity documents have be In (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stage	Э
Attachmen		, []	0(DTO 110)	
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Art Unit: 1764

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Newly submitted claims 2-14 are directed to inventions that are independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons:
 - I. Claims 1-5, drawn to a NOx removal system, classified in class 422, subclass 172.
 - II. Claims 6-9, 14, drawn to a combination of a boiler and a NOx removal system, classified in class 422, subclass 177.
 - III. Claims 10-13, drawn to a method for removing NOx from exhaust gasses, classified in class 423, subclass 210+.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions III and I-II are related as related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case, the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process, such as the process of manufacturing a chemical compound.

Inventions II and I are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not rely solely upon the patentability of any particular

Art Unit: 1764

subcombination for its own patentability as evidenced by independent claim to the subcombination.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, recognized divergent subject matter and the search required for one group is not required for other groups, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

2. Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 6-14 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, line 4 "the flue" has no clear antecedent basis. See claim 5 likewise.

Application/Control Number: 09/800,926 Page 4

Art Unit: 1764

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 1-2, 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Peter-Hoblyn et al (5,968,464).

Peter-Hoblyn et al discloses a NOx removal system comprising:

ammonia jet nozzles 103 disposed on a gas passage 20 of a flue; and ammonia generating means 60, 100, 101, 105 connected to the jet nozzles 103 and disposed within the gas passage 20 of the flue, the ammonia generating means comprising an electrical heater (col. 5, lines 20-22).

Instant claims 1-2, 4-5 structurally read on the apparatus of Peter-Hoblyn et al.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

Art Unit: 1764

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

9. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Peter-Hoblyn et al (5,968,464) in view of Kim et al (5,997,824).

The apparatus of Peter-Hoblyn et al is substantially the same as that of the instant claims, but fails to disclose whether the heating means may comprise a screw member.

However, Kim et al discloses provision of a heating chamber having a screw member.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to provide a heating means having a screw member as taught by Kim et al in the apparatus of Peter-Hoblyn et al for the known and expected results of obtaining the same results in the absence of unexpected results.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 6/15/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants argue that Peter-Hoblyn et al is used for the exhaust system of a vehicle. Such contention is not persuasive as Peter-Hoblyn et al discloses that the apparatus is used for all combustors including burners and furnaces (col. 3, lines 41-59).

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

Art Unit: 1764

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

12. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Schmelz and Peter-Hoblyn et al (6,361,754) are cited for showing state of the art.

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hien Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1454. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday from 7:30AM-6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 1764

HT

September 20, 2004

Then Tran

Hien Tran

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1764

Page 7